

### Overview



#### "HART" to beat - the universal SITRANS TR300 transmitter

- Two-wire devices for 4 to 20 mA, HART
- Device for rail mounting
- Universal input for virtually any type of temperature sensor
- Configurable over HART

### Benefits

- Compact design
- Electrically isolated
- Test sockets for multimeters
- Diagnostics LED (green/red)
- Sensor monitoring open circuits and short-circuits
- Self-monitoring
- Configuration status stored in EEPROM
- Expanded diagnostic functions, such as slave pointer, operating hours counter, etc.
- Special characteristic
- Electromagnetic compatibility to EN 61326 and NE21
- SIL2 (with Order code C20), SIL2/3 (with C23)

### Application

SITRANS TR300 transmitters can be used in all industrial sectors. Their compact design enables simple mounting on standard DIN rails on-site in protective boxes or in control cabinets. The following sensors/signal sources can be connected over their universal input module:

- Resistance thermometers (2, 3 or 4-wire system)
- Thermocouples
- Resistance-based sensors and DC voltage sources

The output signal is a direct current from 4 to 20 mA in accordance with the sensor characteristic, superimposed by the digital HART signal.

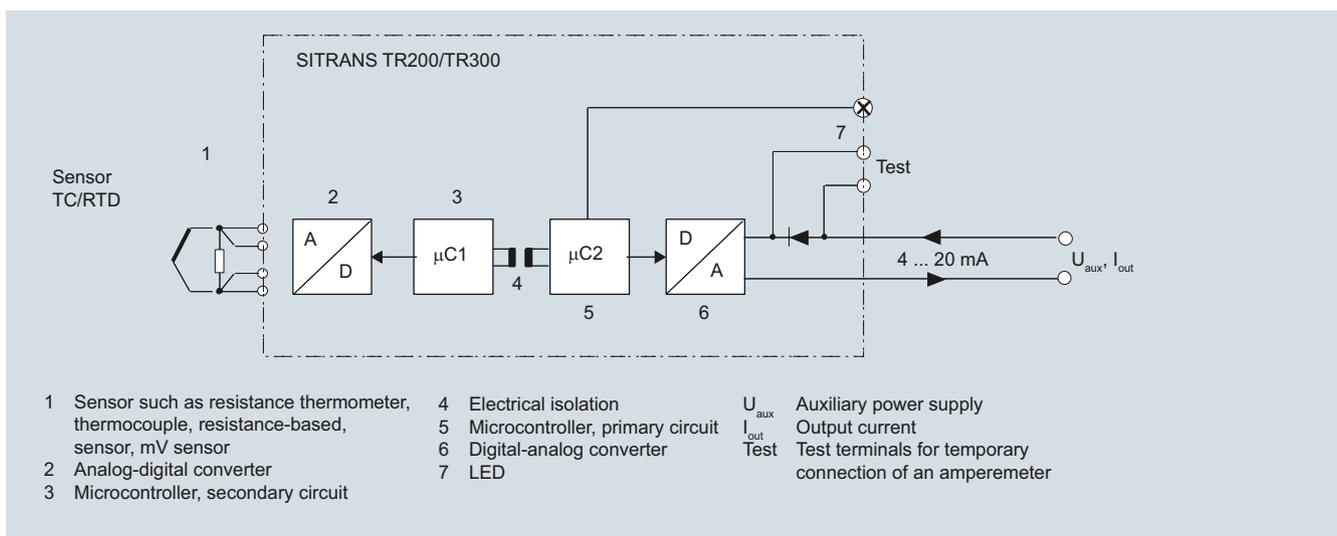
Transmitters of the "intrinsically safe" type of protection can be installed within potentially explosive atmospheres. The devices comply with the Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX).

### Function

The SITRANS TR300 is configured over HART. This can be done using a handheld communicator or even more conveniently with a HART modem and the SIMATIC PDM parameterization software. The configuration data are then permanently stored in the non-volatile memory (EEPROM).

Once the sensors and power supply have been correctly connected, the transmitter outputs a temperature-linear output signal and the diagnostics LED displays a green light. In the case of a sensor short-circuit, the LED flashes red, an internal device fault is indicated by a steady red light.

The test socket can be used to connect an ammeter at any time for monitoring purposes and plausibility checks. The output current can be read without any interruption, or even without opening the current loop.



SITRANS TR300 function diagram

# Temperature Measurement

## Transmitters for rail mounting

### SITRANS TR300 two-wire system, universal, HART

#### Technical specifications

<b>Input</b>		<b>Response time <math>T_{63}</math></b>	
<u>Resistance thermometer</u>		$\leq 250$ ms for 1 sensor with open-circuit monitoring	
Measured variable	Temperature	Open-circuit monitoring	Always active (cannot be disabled)
Sensor type		Short-circuit monitoring	can be switched on/off (default value: OFF)
• to IEC 60751	Pt25 ... Pt1000	Measuring range	parameterizable max. 0 ... 2200 $\Omega$ (see table "Digital measuring errors")
• to JIS C 1604; $\alpha=0.00392$ K <sup>-1</sup>	Pt25 ... Pt1000	Min. measured span	5 ... 25 $\Omega$ (see table "Digital measuring errors")
• to IEC 60751	Ni25 ... Pt1000	Characteristic curve	Resistance-linear or special characteristic
• Special type	over special characteristic (max. 30 points)	<u>Thermocouples</u>	
Sensor factor	0.25 ... 10 (adaptation of the basic type, e.g. Pt100 to version Pt25 ... 1000)	Measured variable	Temperature
Sensor factor	0.25 ... 10 (adaptation of the basic type, e.g. Pt100 to version Pt25 ... 1000)	Sensor type (thermocouples)	
Units	$^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $^{\circ}\text{F}$	• Type B	Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh to DIN IEC 584
Connection		• Type C	W5 %-Re acc. to ASTM 988
• Standard connection	1 resistance thermometer (RTD) in 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire system	• Type D	W3 %-Re acc. to ASTM 988
• Generation of average value	2 identical resistance thermometers in 2-wire system for generation of average temperature	• Type E	NiCr-CuNi to DIN IEC 584
• Generation of difference	2 identical resistance thermometers (RTD) in 2-wire system (RTD 1 – RTD 2 or RTD 2 – RTD 1)	• Type J	Fe-CuNi to DIN IEC 584
Interface		• Type K	NiCr-Ni to DIN IEC 584
• Two-wire system	Parameterizable line resistance $\leq 100$ $\Omega$ (loop resistance)	• Type L	Fe-CuNi to DIN 43710
• Three-wire system	No balancing required	• Type N	NiCrSi-NiSi to DIN IEC 584
• Four-wire system	No balancing required	• Type R	Pt13Rh-Pt to DIN IEC 584
Sensor current	$\leq 0.45$ mA	• Type S	Pt10Rh-Pt to DIN IEC 584
Response time $T_{63}$	$\leq 250$ ms for 1 sensor with open-circuit monitoring	• Type T	Cu-CuNi to DIN IEC 584
Open-circuit monitoring	Always active (cannot be disabled)	• Type U	Cu-CuNi to DIN 43710
Short-circuit monitoring	can be switched on/off (default value: ON)	Units	$^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $^{\circ}\text{F}$
Measuring range	parameterizable (see table "Digital measuring errors")	Connection	
Min. measured span	10 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (18 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )	• Standard connection	1 thermocouple (TC)
Characteristic curve	Temperature-linear or special characteristic	• Generation of average value	2 thermocouples (TC)
<u>Resistance-based sensors</u>		• Generation of difference	2 thermocouples (TC) (TC1 – TC2 or TC2 – TC1)
Measured variable	Actual resistance	Response time $T_{63}$	$\leq 250$ ms for 1 sensor with open-circuit monitoring
Sensor type	Resistance-based, potentiometers	Open-circuit monitoring	Can be switched off
Units	$\Omega$	Cold junction compensation	
Connection		• Internal	With integrated Pt100 resistance thermometer
• Normal connection	1 resistance-based sensor (R) in 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire system	• External	With external Pt100 IEC 60571 (2-wire or 3-wire connection)
• Generation of average value	2 resistance-based sensors in 2-wire system for generation of average value	• External fixed	Cold junction temperature can be set as fixed value
• Generation of difference	2 resistance thermometers in 2-wire system (R1 – R2 or R2 – R1)	Measuring range	parameterizable (see table "Digital measuring errors")
Interface		Min. measured span	Min. 40 ... 100 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (72 ... 180 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) (see table "Digital measuring errors")
• Two-wire system	Parameterizable line resistance $\leq 100$ $\Omega$ (loop resistance)	Characteristic curve	Temperature-linear or special characteristic
• Three-wire system	No balancing required	<u>mV sensor</u>	
• Four-wire system	No balancing required	Measured variable	DC voltage
Sensor current	$\leq 0.45$ mA	Sensor type	DC voltage source (DC voltage source possible over an externally connected resistor)
		Units	mV
		Response time $T_{63}$	$\leq 250$ ms for 1 sensor with open-circuit monitoring
		Open-circuit monitoring	Can be switched off

## Temperature Measurement Transmitters for rail mounting

### SITRANS TR300 two-wire system, universal, HART

Measuring range	parameterizable max. -100 ... 1100 mV
Min. measured span	2 mV or 20 mV
Overload capability of the input	-1.5 ... +3.5 V DC
Input resistance	≥ 1 MΩ
Characteristic curve	Voltage-linear or special characteristic
<b>Output</b>	
Output signal	4 ... 20 mA, 2-wire with communication acc. to HART Rev. 5.9
Auxiliary power	11 ... 35 V DC (to 30 V for Ex i/ic; to 32 V for Ex nA)
Max. load	(U <sub>aux</sub> - 11 V)/0.023 A
Overrange	3.6 ... 23 mA, infinitely adjustable (default range: 3.84 ... 20.5 mA)
Error signal (e.g. following sensor fault) (conforming to NE43)	3.6 ... 23 mA, infinitely adjustable (default value: 22.8 mA)
Sample cycle	0.25 s nominal
Damping	Software filter 1st order 0 ... 30 s (parameterizable)
Protection	Against reversed polarity
Electrical isolation	Input against output (1 kV <sub>eff</sub> )
<b>Measuring accuracy</b>	
Digital measuring errors	see table "Digital measuring errors"
Reference conditions	
• Auxiliary power	24 V ± 1 %
• Load	500 Ω
• Ambient temperature	23 °C
• Warming-up time	> 5 min
Error in the analog output (digital/analog converter)	< 0.025 % of span
Error due to internal cold junction	< 0.5 °C (0.9 °F)
Ambient temperature effect	
• Analog measuring errors of span	< 0.2 % of max. span/10 °C (18 °F)
• Digital measuring errors	
- at resistance thermometers	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)/10 °C (18 °F)
- at thermocouples	0.6 °C (1.1 °F)/10 °C (18 °F)
Auxiliary power effect	< 0.001 % of span/V
Effect of load impedance	< 0.002 % of span/100 Ω
Long-term drift	
• In the first month	< 0.02 % of span in the first month
• After one year	< 0.2 % of span after one year
• After 5 years	< 0.3 % of span after 5 years

#### Conditions of use

##### Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature range	-40 ... +85 °C (-40 ... +185 °F)
Storage temperature range	-40 ... +85 °C (-40 ... +185 °F)
Relative humidity	< 98 %, with condensation
Electromagnetic compatibility	acc. to EN 61326 and NE21

#### Design

Material	Plastic, electronic module potted
Weight	122 g
Dimensions	See "Dimensional drawings"
Cross-section of cables	Max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 13)
Degree of protection to IEC 60529	
• Enclosure	IP20

#### Certificates and approvals

Explosion protection ATEX	
EC type test certificate	PTB 07 ATEX 2032X
• "Intrinsic safety" type of protection	II 2(1) G Ex ia/ib IIC T6/T4 II 3(1) G Ex ia/ic IIC T6/T4 II 3 G Ex ic IIC T6/T4 II 2(1) D Ex iaD/ibD 20/21 T115 °C
• Type of protection, "equipment is non-arcing"	II 3 G Ex nA IIC T6/T4
Other certificates	EAC Ex(GOST), IECEx

#### Factory setting:

- Pt100 (IEC 751) with 3-wire circuit
- Measuring range: 0 ... 100 °C (32 ... 212 °F)
- Error signal in the event of sensor breakage: 22.8 mA
- Sensor offset: 0 °C (0 °F)
- Damping 0.0 s

## Temperature Measurement

### Transmitters for rail mounting

#### SITRANS TR300 two-wire system, universal, HART

##### Digital measuring errors

###### Resistance thermometer

Input	Measuring range °C / (°F)	Min. mea- sured span		Digital accuracy	
		°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)
<b>to IEC 60751</b>					
Pt25	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1562)	10	(18)	0.3	(0.54)
Pt50	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1562)	10	(18)	0.15	(0.27)
Pt100 ... Pt200	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1562)	10	(18)	0.1	(0.18)
Pt500	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1562)	10	(18)	0.15	(0.27)
Pt1000	-200 ... +350 (-328 ... +662)	10	(18)	0.15	(0.27)
<b>to JIS C1604-81</b>					
Pt25	-200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1200)	10	(18)	0.3	(0.54)
Pt50	-200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1200)	10	(18)	0.15	(0.27)
Pt100 ... Pt200	-200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1200)	10	(18)	0.1	(0.18)
Pt500	-200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1200)	10	(18)	0.15	(0.27)
Pt1000	-200 ... +350 (-328 ... +662)	10	(18)	0.15	(0.27)
Ni 25 ... Ni1000	-60 ... +250 (-76 ... +482)	10	(18)	0.1	(0.18)

###### Resistance-based sensors

Input	Measuring range Ω	Min. mea- sured span Ω	Digital accuracy Ω
Resistance	0 ... 2200	25	0.25

##### Thermocouples

Input	Measuring range °C / (°F)	Min. mea- sured span		Digital accuracy	
		°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)
Type B	100 ... 1820 (212 ... 3308)	100	(180)	2 <sup>1)</sup>	(3.6) <sup>1)</sup>
Type C (W5)	0 ... 2300 (32 ... 4172)	100	(180)	2	(3.6)
Type D (W3)	0 ... 2300 (32 ... 4172)	100	(180)	1 <sup>2)</sup>	(1.8) <sup>2)</sup>
Type E	-200 ... +1000 (-328 ... +1832)	50	(90)	1	(1.8)
Type J	-210 ... +1200 (-346 ... +2192)	50	(90)	1	(1.8)
Type K	-230 ... +1370 (-382 ... +2498)	50	(90)	1	(1.8)
Type L	-200 ... +900 (-328 ... +1652)	50	(90)	1	(1.8)
Type N	-200 ... +1300 (-328 ... +2372)	50	(90)	1	(1.8)
Type R	-50 ... +1760 (-58 ... +3200)	100	(180)	2	(3.6)
Type S	-50 ... +1760 (-58 ... +3200)	100	(180)	2	(3.6)
Type T	-200 ... +400 (-328 ... +752)	40	(72)	1	(1.8)
Type U	-200 ... +600 (-328 ... +1112)	50	(90)	2	(3.6)

<sup>1)</sup> The digital accuracy in the range 0 to 300 °C (32 to 572 °F) is 3 °C (5.4 °F).

<sup>2)</sup> The digital accuracy in the range 1750 to 2300 °C (3182 to 4172 °F) is 2 °C (3.6 °F).

##### mV sensor

Input	Measuring range mV	Min. mea- sured span mV	Digital accuracy μV
mV sensor	-100 ... +1100	20	400

The digital accuracy is the accuracy after the analog/digital conversion including linearization and calculation of the measured value.

An additional error is generated in the output current 4 to 20 mA as a result of the digital/analog conversion of 0,025 % of the set span (digital-analog error).

The total error under reference conditions at the analog output is the sum from the digital error and the digital-analog error (poss. with the addition of cold junction errors in the case of thermocouple measurements).

Selection and Ordering data	Article No.
<b>Temperature transmitter SITRANS TR300</b> For mounting on a standard DIN rail, two-wire system, 4 ... 20 mA, HART, with electrical isolation, with documentation on MMiniDVD	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Without explosion protection ▶ ◆ <b>7NG3033-0JN00</b></li> <li>With explosion protection to ATEX ▶ ◆ <b>7NG3033-1JN00</b></li> </ul>	
<b>Further designs</b> Please add <b>"-Z"</b> to Article No. with and specify Order codes(s).	Order code
With test protocol (5 measuring points)	<b>C11</b>
Functional safety SIL2	<b>C20</b>
Functional safety SIL2/3	<b>C23</b>
<b>Customer-specific programming</b> Add <b>"-Z"</b> to Article No. and specify Order code(s)	
Measuring range to be set Specify in plain text (max. 5 digits): Y01: ... to ... °C, °F	<b>Y01<sup>1)</sup></b>
Measuring point no. (TAG), max. 8 characters	<b>Y17<sup>2)</sup></b>
Measuring point descriptor, max. 16 characters	<b>Y23<sup>2)</sup></b>
Measuring point message, max. 32 characters	<b>Y24<sup>2)</sup></b>
Text on front label, max. 16 characters	<b>Y29<sup>2)3)</sup></b>
Pt100 (IEC) 2-wire, $R_L = 0 \Omega$	<b>U02<sup>4)</sup></b>
Pt100 (IEC) 3-wire	<b>U03<sup>4)</sup></b>
Pt100 (IEC) 4-wire	<b>U04<sup>4)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type B	<b>U20<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type C (W5)	<b>U21<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type D (W3)	<b>U22<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type E	<b>U23<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type J	<b>U24<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type K	<b>U25<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type L	<b>U26<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type N	<b>U27<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type R	<b>U28<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type S	<b>U29<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type T	<b>U30<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
Thermocouple type U	<b>U31<sup>4)5)</sup></b>
With TC: CJC external (Pt100, 3-wire)	<b>U41</b>
With TC: CJC external with fixed value, specify in plain text	<b>Y50</b>
Special differing customer-specific programming, specify in plain text	<b>Y09<sup>6)</sup></b>
Fail-safe value 3.6 mA (instead of 22.8 mA)	<b>U36<sup>2)</sup></b>

Accessories	Article No.
<b>MiniDVD for temperature measuring instruments</b> ▶	<b>A5E00364512</b>
With documentation in German, English, French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese and SIPROM T parameterization software	
<b>HART modem</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With USB connection ▶</li> </ul>	<b>7MF4997-1DB</b>
<b>Simatic PDM operating software</b>	<b>See Section 8</b>

▶ Available ex stock.

◆ We can offer shorter delivery times for configurations designated with the Quick Ship Symbol ◆. For details see page 9/5 in the appendix.

- For customer-specific programming for RTD and TC, the start value and the end value of the required measuring span must be specified here.
- For this selection, Y01 or Y09 must also be selected.
- Text on front plate is not saved in the device.
- For this selection, Y01 must also be selected.
- Internal cold junction compensation is selected as the default for TC.
- For customer-specific programming, for example mV and ohm, the start value and the end value of the required measuring span and the unit must be entered here.

Supply units see Chapter "Supplementary Components".

Ordering example 1:

7NG3033-0JN00-Z Y01+Y17+Y29+U03  
 Y01: -10 ... +100 °C  
 Y17: TICA123  
 Y29: TICA123

Ordering example 2:

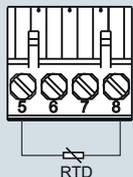
7NG3033-0JN00-Z Y01+Y17+Y23+Y29+U25  
 Y01: -10 ... +100 °C  
 Y17: TICA123  
 Y23: TICA123HEAT  
 Y29: TICA123HEAT

Factory setting:

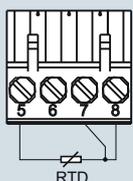
- Pt100 (IEC 751) with 3-wire circuit
- Measuring range: 0 ... 100 °C (32 ... 212 °F)
- Error signal in the event of sensor breakage: 22.8 mA
- Sensor offset: 0 °C (0 °F)
- Damping 0.0 s



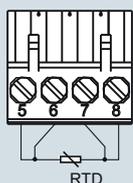
#### Resistance thermometer



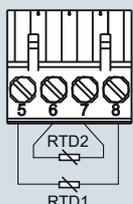
Two-wire system <sup>1)</sup>



Three-wire system

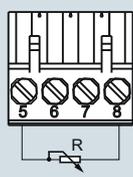


Four-wire system

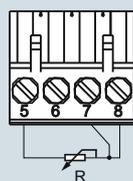


Generation of average value/difference <sup>1)</sup>

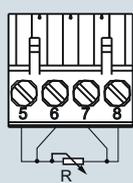
#### Resistance



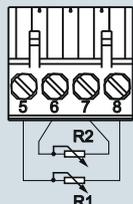
Two-wire system <sup>1)</sup>



Three-wire system

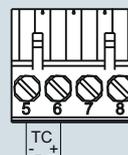


Four-wire system

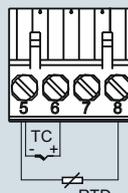


Generation of average value/difference <sup>1)</sup>

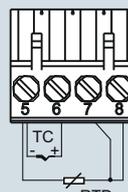
#### Thermocouple



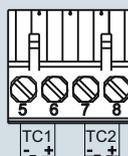
Cold junction compensation internal/fixed value



Cold junction compensation with external Pt100 in two-wire system <sup>1)</sup>



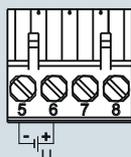
Cold junction compensation with external Pt100 in three-wire system



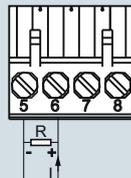
Generation of average value / difference with internal cold junction compensation

<sup>1)</sup> Programmable line resistance for the purpose of correction.

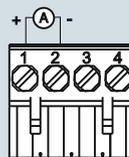
#### Voltage measurement



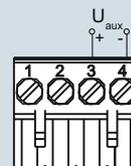
#### Current measurement



#### Test terminals



#### Power supply/ 4 ... 20 mA (U<sub>aux</sub>)



SITRANS TR300, sensor connection assignment